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“Swift and lazy vortices in cuprate high- T_c superconductors”

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Apart from their high critical temperature the cuprate superconductors are known for their abundance of unconventional properties. Many of them are related to pronounced anisotropy, short coherence lengths, and a rich landscape of intrinsic defects in these materials. The study of magnetic flux quanta in these superconductors, thus, reveals novel effects. I shall discuss different ways of modulating the superconducting order parameter and its impact on vortex motion and vortex pinning.

In the first scenario thin films of $\text{YBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_7$, grown on vicinal substrates, allow for exploring the intrinsic modulation of the superconducting order parameter along the c axis and to create and accelerate in-plane flux quanta, the so-called Josephson vortices, to high-speed sliding motion along the copper-oxide planes.

To demonstrate a particular form of pinning, a square array of nano-patterned columnar defects has been created in a $\text{YBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_7$ thin films by shadow projection of He^+ ions through a silicon stencil mask. Distinct peaks of the critical current and minima of the magnetoresistance can be observed when the fluxoids arrange themselves commensurate with the defect lattice.